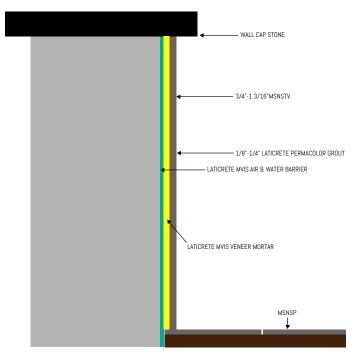
# THIN VENEER WALL APPLICATION (CONCRETE CAST-IN PLACE WALL)

MSNSTV - Marmiro Stones Natural Stone Thin Veneer





\*MSNSTV - MARMIRO STONES NATURAL STONE THIN VENEER

### **CONCRETE CAST-IN PLACE**

## 1) SUBSTRATE PREP

- a. Concrete must be 28-day cured, sound, clean, and free of form oils/cures/paints. Mechanically abrade dense/steel-troweled or contaminated surfaces, (industry's best practice).
- b. Optional, but recommended for bulk-water and crack isolation: Apply Laticrete® MVIS™ Air & Water Barrier to the prepared concrete per Laticrete® DS 661.0; mesh/treat transitions.
- c. Optional Metal Lath
  - If using this metal lath method, please be sure to use galvanized metal lath using corrosive resistant anchors.
- d. Apply a scratch coat over lath using Laticrete® 3701 Fortified Mortar Bed
  - \*Note On clean, sound concrete/CMU, Laticrete® generally promotes direct-bond Laticrete® MVIS installations (no lath) with their mortars; lath/scratch is an alternative when the wall is contaminated or can't be adequately prepared.

## 2) SETTING MORTARS (SELECT PER SUBSTRATE / CONDITIONS)

- Apply One of the following mortars based on application:
  - Laticrete® MVIS™ Veneer Mortar (polymer-fortified, non-sag).
  - Laticrete® MVIS™ Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar (high-bond, exterior, long open time).
  - Laticrete® 254 PLATINUM™ (alternative for dense concrete/critical bonds).

### 3) SETTING THE STONE

- Use one of the following Laticrete® setting mortars (mix with water only; follow DS specs):
  - MVIS<sup>™</sup> Veneer Mortar (polymer-fortified, non-sag) or MVIS<sup>™</sup> Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar for high-bond, exterior work.
  - For exceptionally dense/smooth concrete, 254 PLATINUM™ is an approved alternative. This should be used for water applications.
    - ▶Trowel a full bed and back-butter each unit to achieve complete coverage; beat in. (ASTM C1780)

#### 4) EPOXY-BACKED STONE

Choose one of these options below:

- a. Laticrete® LATIPOXY® 300
  - Laticrete® LATIPOXY® 300 Adhesive is required for long term adhesion of stone to concrete wall.
  - Mixing: Pour LATAPOXY® 300 Adhesive Part A and Part B into a clean mixing pail and mix thoroughly. Add LATAPOXY® 300 Part C Filler Powder and mix to a smooth, trowelable consistency. Mortar is ready for use immediately after mixing.
  - Application: Apply mortar to the substrate with the flat side of the trowel, pressing firmly to work into surface. Comb on additional mortar with the notched side.
- b. Remove back mesh with a grinder.
  - Then proceed with using one of the mortars listed in #3 above.

#### 5) MORTAR JOINT OPTIONS

- a. Place MSNSTV (typical is 4" & 6" height material) with no mortar joint, creating a tight fit.
- b. MSNSTV 3"/6"/9" system is designed for a 3/8" grout joint.
  - Be sure to use spacers to maintain consistent joint spacing.
  - Before starting to grout, remove spacers and debris in grout joints and remove dust and dirt using a wet sponge. Do not leave water sitting in joints.
  - Mixing: Use approximately 2.4–2.6 quarts (2.3 L–2.5 L) of clean potable water for 25 lbs. (11.3 kg) of PERMACOLOR® Grout. Place water in a clean mixing container and add grout powder. Mix with a slow speed drill mixer (300 rpm) for one minute. Wait for five minutes and remix with drill for one minute.
  - Apply: Using a grout bag, apply grout to joints filling completely. Use a 3/8" slicker trowel or jointing tool to give a concave look.
  - Cleaning: Begin initial cleaning by lightly wiping down entire area to be cleaned with a damp sponge. Wash with a damp sponge (not wet). Work diagonally toward the joints. Allow to dry three hours at 70°F, (warmer days will have a faster dry time). For second cleaning, use a damp sponge or dry cloth to remove remaining grout haze.

#### 6) BEST PRACTICES

- a. Base clearances Maintain clearances to shed water: Typically, 4" above earth, 2" above paved, ½" above walking surfaces, sharing the same foundation.
- b. Use MSNSTV: Pull from multiple crates for blending. Do not install saturated/frozen stone.
- c. Exterior installations should target essentially 100% contact with tight edges; avoid "center void doughnuts".
- d. Follow product temperature limits: Protect from freezing, rapid drying, or direct rain until cured.
- e. Use polymer-modified mortars for exterior wall applications.
- f. Do not bridge structural/expansion joints with mortar or stone; continue the joint through the veneer with backer-rod & sealant.
- g. Do not rely on a thin "dot and dab." Full coverage is required. Periodically pull a piece to check.
- h. Do not set stone in freezing temperatures, on saturated substrates, or in driving rain—follow mortar product temperature/cure limits.

